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# Security, Privacy, and the Effects of Ubiquitous Encryption

Kathleen Moriarty

Security Area Director (1 of 2)

(Speaking for myself, not the IETF)

# Motivation for Increased Privacy Protections



**BULLRUN/EDGEHILL**

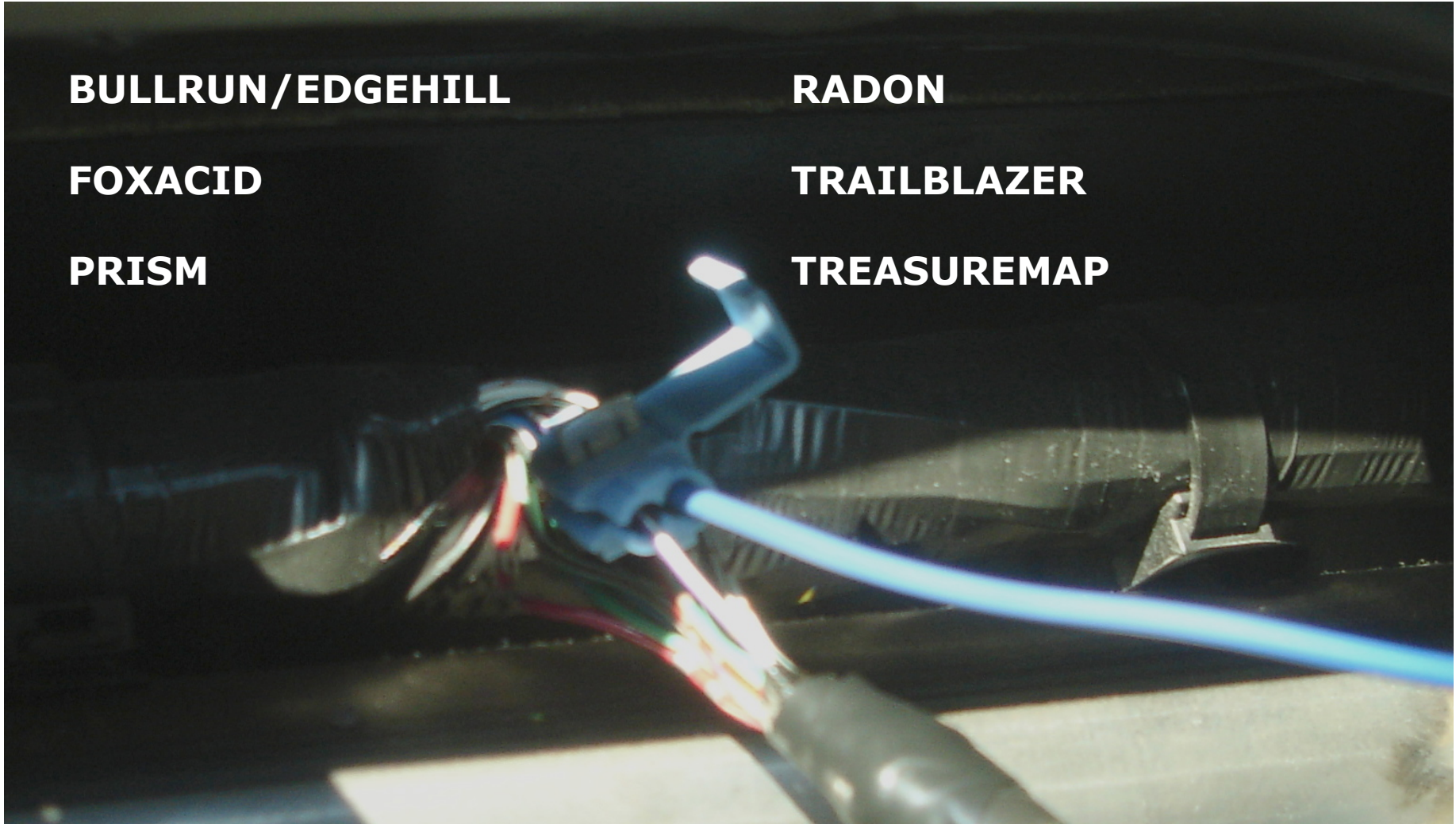
**RADON**

**FOXACID**

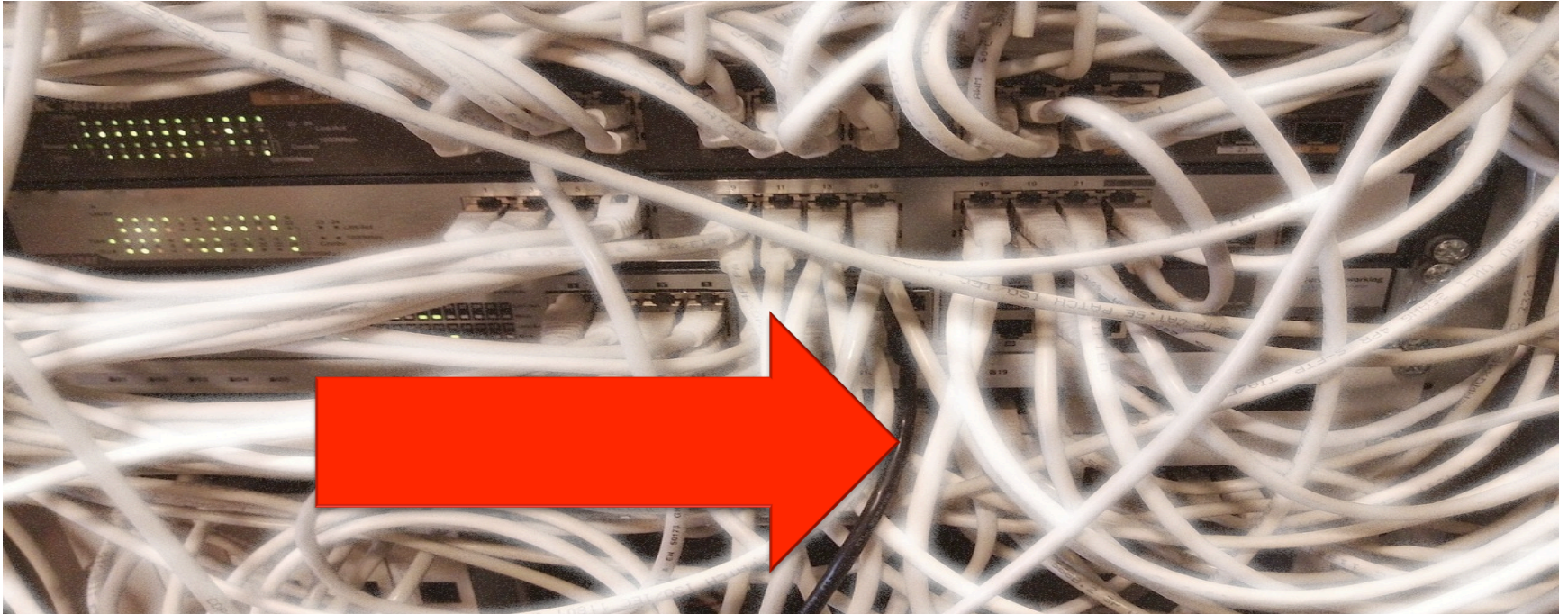
**TRAILBLAZER**

**PRISM**

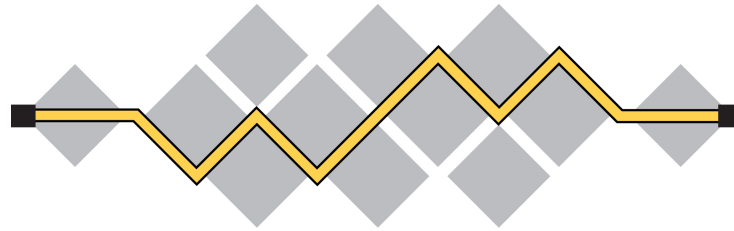
**TREASUREMAP**



# Pervasive Monitoring Changed the Game



- **Enable Opportunistic Security, making monitoring too costly to do broadly**
- **Force targeted attack on suspect traffic**



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## How are Operators and Security Professionals Impacted?

The Effects of Ubiquitous Encryption

<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-mm-wg-effect-encrypt/>

# Effects of Ubiquitous Encryption

Editors: Kathleen Moriarty & Al Morton

- Increased encryption impacts security & network operations
  - Shift how these functions are performed
  - New methods to monitor and protect data will evolve
  - In more drastic circumstances, ability to monitor may be eliminated
- Collection of current security and network management functions impacted by encryption
  - Draft does not attempt to solve these problems
  - It merely documents the current state to assist in the development of alternate options to achieve the intended purpose of the documented practices

# What's the Problem?

Encryption blocked to prevent impact on current operations

## Ad Injection



- Clear text has been used to inject ads, as well as monitor traffic for network and security purposes
- Operational capabilities are diminishing, some operators responded by stopping encryption negotiation
- Typically required exposure (media & regulators) to correct

# Middlebox Monitoring

## Traffic Interception and Pattern Matching

- Traffic Analysis Fingerprinting
  - Encrypted and clear text pattern matching
    - Attack detection and monitoring
    - Invade Privacy, web traffic
- Traffic Surveys
  - Observations over time
  - Inferences about observed traffic using maximal information available
  - Accuracy of patterns decline with encryption
- Deep Packet Inspection
  - Analysis of user flows and apps (for resource optimization)
  - Used with content distribution networks to improve efficiency
    - Note: CDNs moving to end-to-end control of data now
- Data Compression Gateway
  - Minimize traffic required using resource-constrained services, e.g., Data Caps



# Performance Management and Troubleshooting

Current methods for existing functions impacted by encryption

- Availability and Performance monitoring impacted by move to encryption
  - Inability to discern difference between network and host-related causes of unavailability
- Inaccuracy will increase and efficiency of repair activities will decrease
- Use of websockets will make application differentiation more difficult



# Encryption in Hosted SP Environments

Drivers different for Increased Security Protections

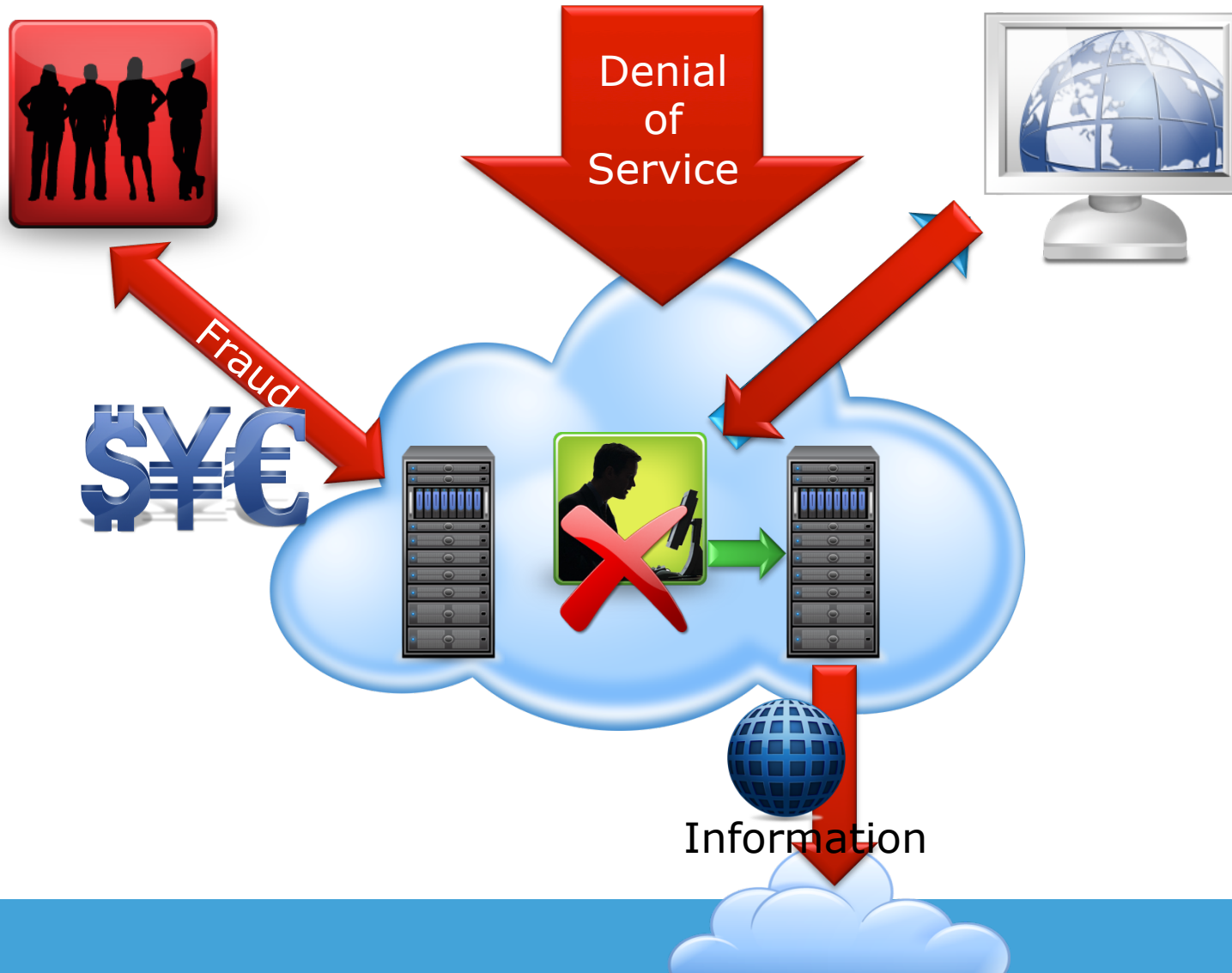
- Management Access
  - SP access to manage infrastructure: encrypted or isolated
  - Customer management access encrypted
- Hosted Applications
  - Increasingly sensitive applications
  - Data leakage protection (DLP) now limited
- Access Control Management and monitoring shifting
  - Logs may be used as an alternative monitoring data source
  - Monitoring and filtering may be restricted to:
    - 2-tuple IP-level with source and destination IP addresses alone, or
    - 5-tuple IP and protocol-level with source IP address, destination IP address, protocol number, source port number, and destination port number.

# Data Storage

Capabilities changed, but solution providers have adapted

- Host-level encryption
  - End-to-end, encrypted at application or prior to transition to hosted environment
  - Backup, external storage
- Disk encryption, Data at Rest
  - Requires transport encryption to protect data on the wire
  - May only be used to protect from physical theft of disk
  - Controller based encryption or Self Encrypting Drives
- Data replication between data centers
  - IPsec may limit ability to monitor

# Incident Monitoring



# Summary

## Use of Encryption Encouraged to Protect Users Privacy

- Encryption increasing
  - in response to known threats and
  - move of sensitive application & data to hosted environments
- Protecting Users privacy at protocol level necessary
- Current techniques used by operators may no longer be possible in an encrypted Internet
- Devise new methods to accomplish goals
  - First document those goals and understanding objectives
  - Contribute to draft: “Effects of Ubiquitous Encryption”

# Discussion

- What are the biggest challenges as a result of increased encryption?
- Are there additional impacts to operators and security professionals that need to be considered?
  - Not yet documented
- What alternative options exist to enable administrators/operators to achieve their operational objectives?
  - Solutions

Thank you!